

## Individualize Treatment for Diabetes-Related Foot Infections

You'll hear buzz about **how to treat foot infections in patients with diabetes**...spurred by updated treatment guidelines.

Create an individualized care plan that includes debridement...wound care...off-loading...and specialist referrals (vascular, etc), if needed.

Choose empiric antibiotics based on likely pathogens, patient-specific factors (allergies, severity, etc), and your local antibiogram.

Mild. For infections with superficial inflammation, advise covering gram-positives with oral cephalexin or dicloxacillin.

But for patients who've taken antibiotics within the past month, also cover gram-negatives with agents such as amoxicillin/clavulanate.

Add MRSA coverage (doxycycline, TMP/SMX, etc) in patients at risk...such as those with a history of MRSA infection or known colonization.

Don't empirically cover for *Pseudomonas* unless there are additional risk factors, such as recent positive cultures from the affected site or frequent foot exposure to water (hot tub, lake, pool, etc).

**Moderate**. For wounds that are deeper or with erythema 2 cm or more from the wound margin...withOUT systemic signs (fever, tachycardia, etc)...ensure gram-positive and gram-negative coverage.

Think of amoxicillin/clavulanate in most cases, especially if you suspect anaerobes...such as a wound with a foul odor or necrosis.

Consider IV antibiotics for high-risk patients, such as those with peripheral artery disease or those unable to adhere to oral meds.

And if needed, add empiric coverage for MRSA.

Severe. For any patient with at least 2 systemic signs...or not responding to oral therapy...jump to IV antibiotics.

Cover gram-positives, gram-negatives, and anaerobes (ampicillin/sulbactam, ceftriaxone plus metronidazole, etc).

But if Pseudomonas is suspected, suggest a regimen such as piperacillin/tazobactam.

And add IV vancomycin for patients at risk for MRSA.

For treatment duration and when to switch to po, see our resource, Skin and Soft Tissue Infections.

And get our resource, *Managing Beta-Lactam Allergies*, for help sifting through options for patients reporting a penicillin allergy.

## **Key References:**

- -Senneville É, Albalawi Z, van Asten SA, et al. IWGDF/IDSA Guidelines on the Diagnosis and Treatment of Diabetes-related Foot Infections (IWGDF/IDSA 2023). Clin Infect Dis. 2023 Oct 2:ciad527. doi: 10.1093/cid/ciad527.
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- -Polk C, Sampson MM, Roshdy D, Davidson LE. Skin and Soft Tissue Infections in Patients with Diabetes

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